



G4AW

Geodata for Agriculture and Water

Images: CIAT & ESA



Netherlands Space Office (NSO)



food security & satellite information services



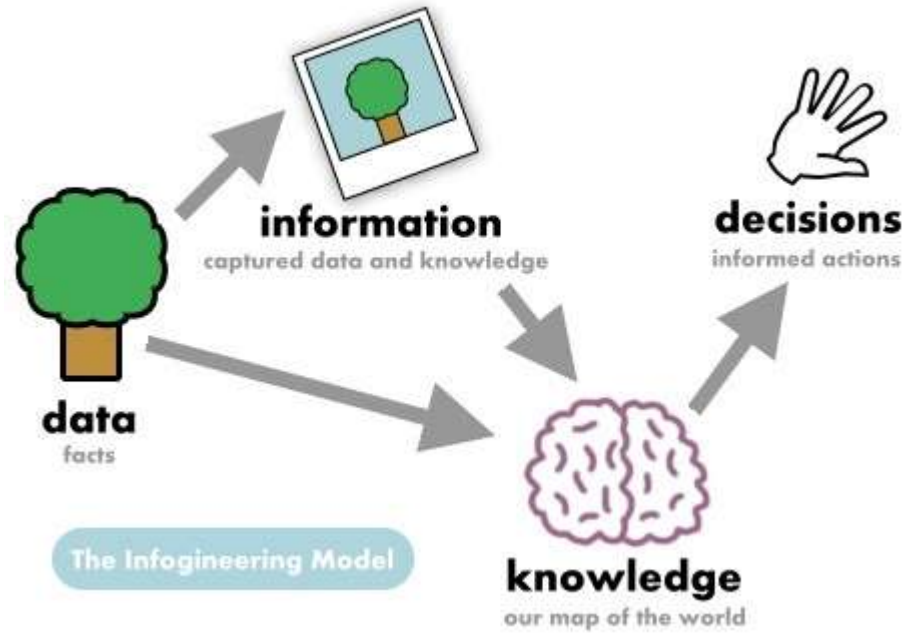
Joost van Uum

Netherlands Space Office (NSO)



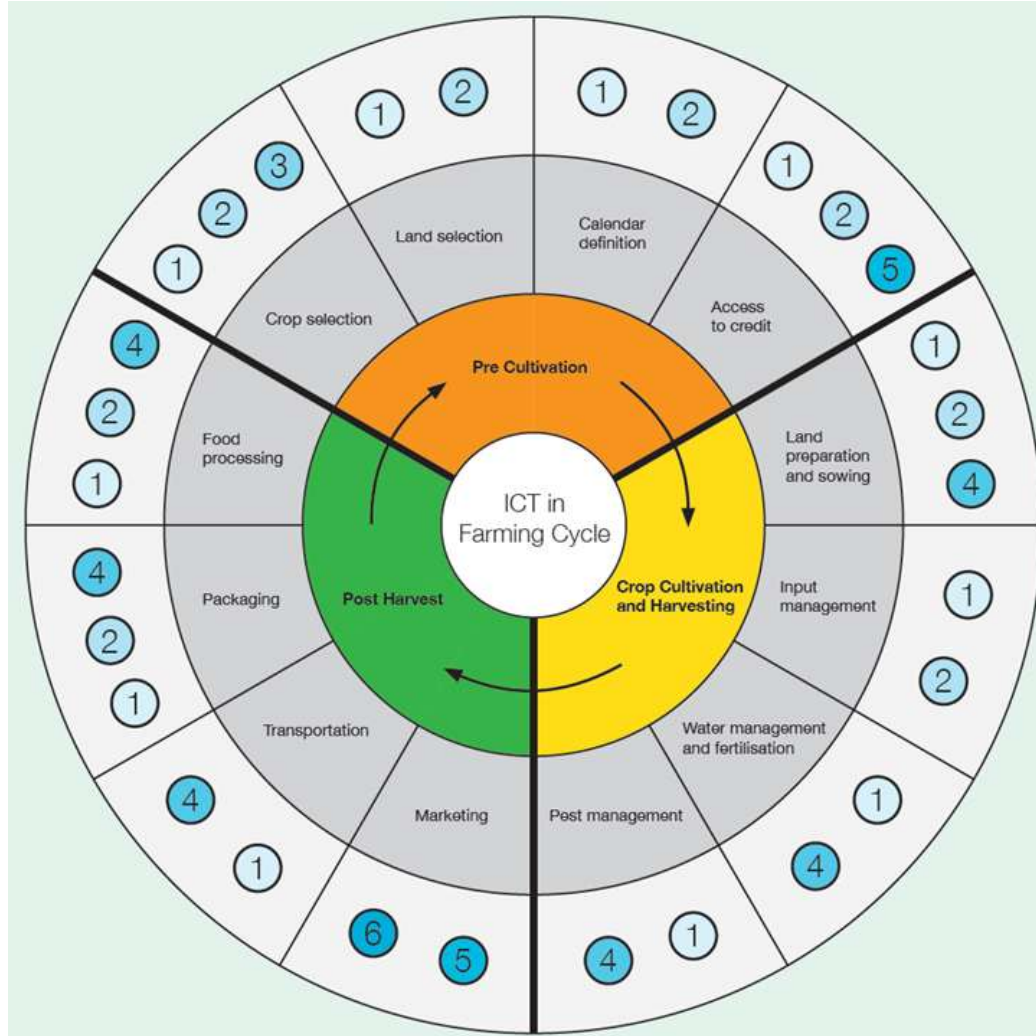
Effects of climate change on
Food & water security







- 1 Information systems including DSS/MISS/GIS etc
- 2 ICT-enabled learning and knowledge exchange
- 3 Modelling solutions
- 4 Sensory and proximity devices
- 5 ICT-enabled networking solutions
- 6 Online commerce tools (eCommerce/mCommerce)



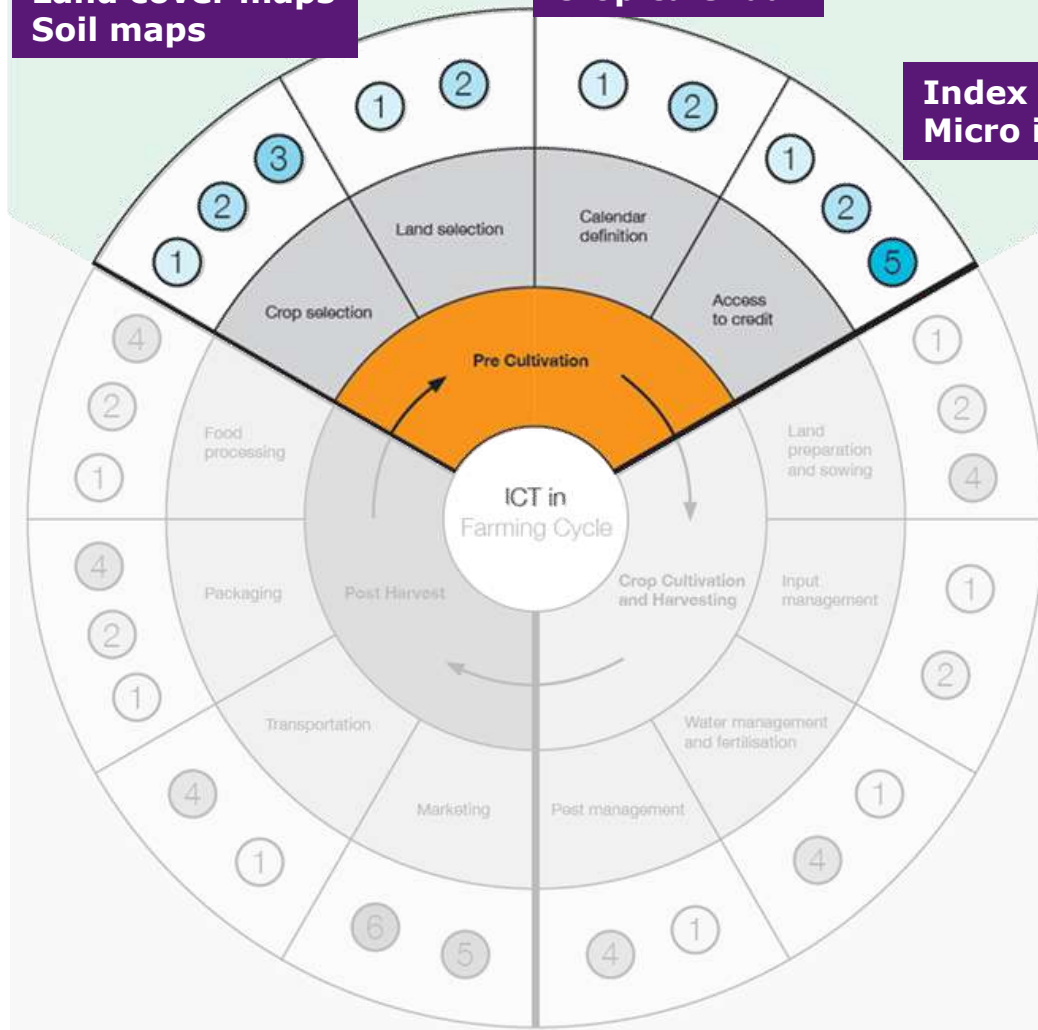


Land cover maps Soil maps

Crop calendar

Index based Micro insurance

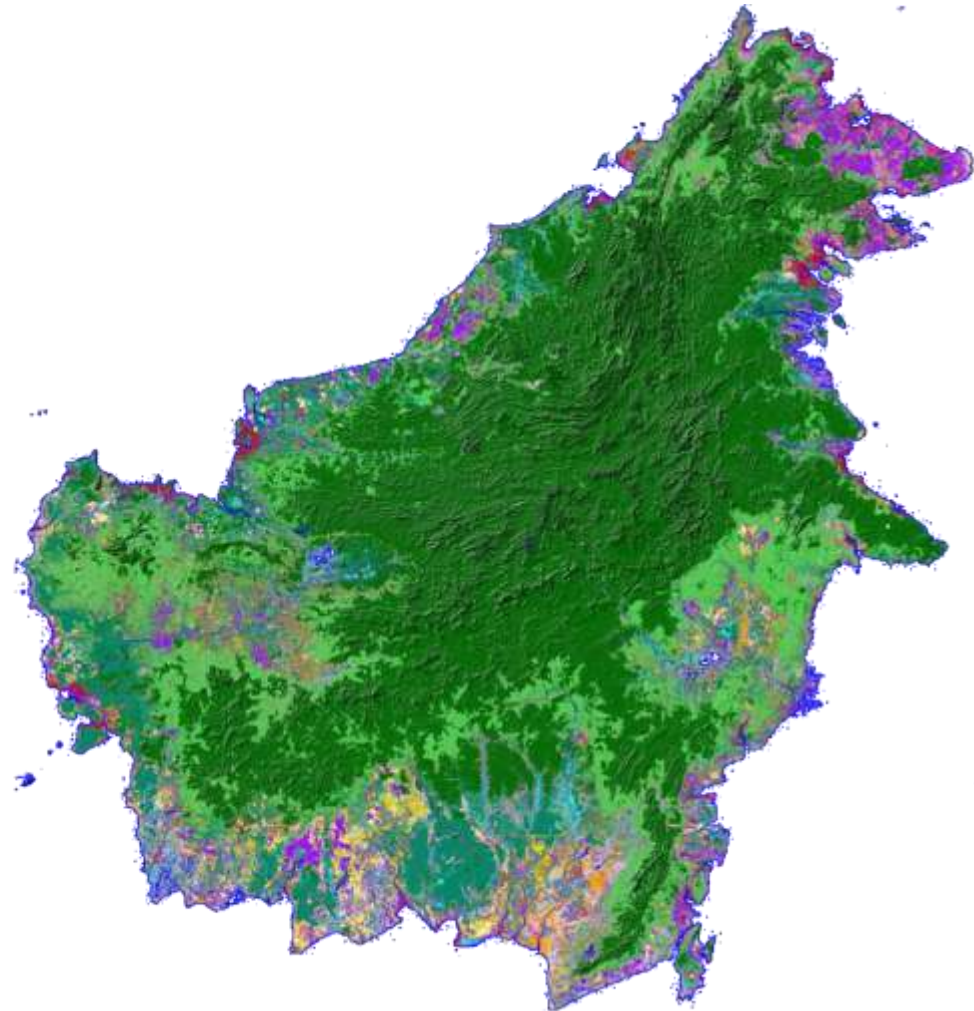
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Land cover maps

Kalimantan Land cover map (radar) (SarVision)





Crop calendar



english français español

Crop calendar - a crop production information tool for decision making

crop calendar

rehabilitation activities following natural or human-led disasters. Furthermore, the Crop Calendar can serve as a quick reference tool in selecting crop varieties to adapt to changing weather patterns accelerated by climate change.

The Crop Calendar database is being maintained at a regional level and is based on inputs from member countries. The Crop Calendar database currently covers 43 African countries and contains information on more than 130 crops, located in 283 agro-ecological zones.

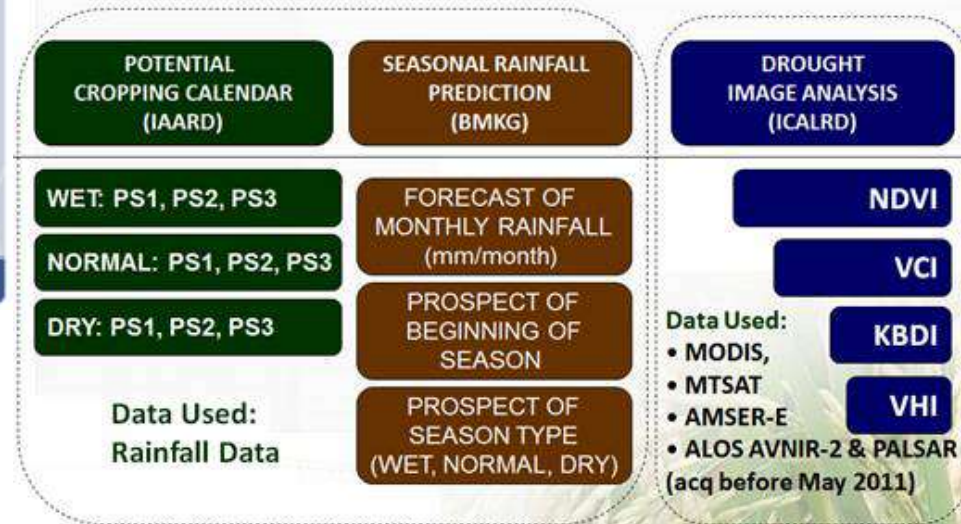
read more instructions

select a crop

- Amaranthus
- Artichoke
- Asparagus
- Aubergine
- Bambara groundnut
- Banana
- Banana, Abyssinian
- Barley
- Bean common, dry
- Bean, Lima
- Bean, broad
- Bean, broad green
- Bean, faba
- Bean, green
- Beet, red
- Beet, table
- Benniseed
- Bitterweed

next

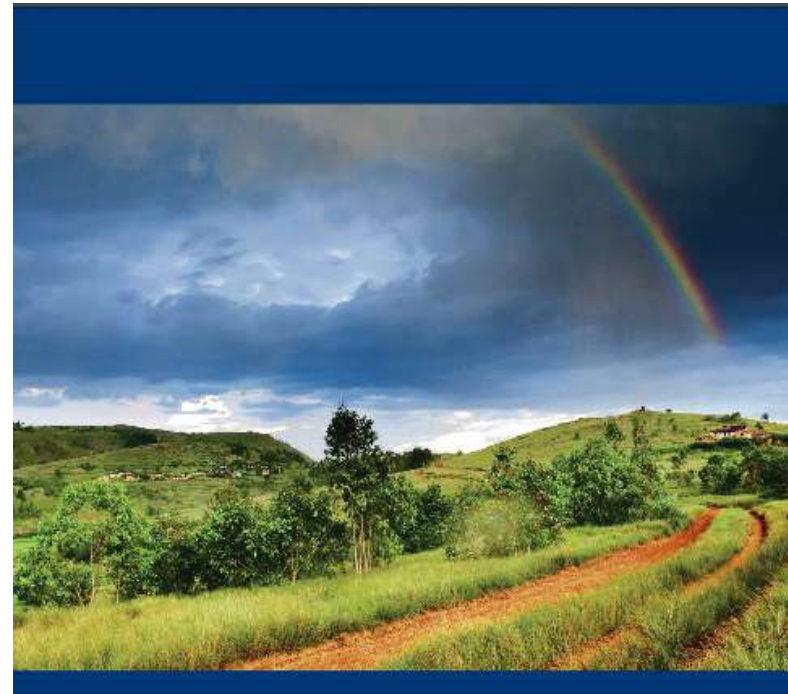
INTEGRATION OF CROPPING PATTERNS, SEASONAL RAINFALL AND SATELLITE IMAGE ANALYSIS





Micro insurance

- Many pilot projects
- Examples:
 - Kilimo Salama
 - Planet Guarantee (EARS FESA project)
 - Micro Insure
 - and others
- Technically feasible
- Increased mobile use → reach farmers



Weather Index-based Insurance
in Agricultural Development
A Technical Guide

→ Time for Up-scaling



World Food Programme



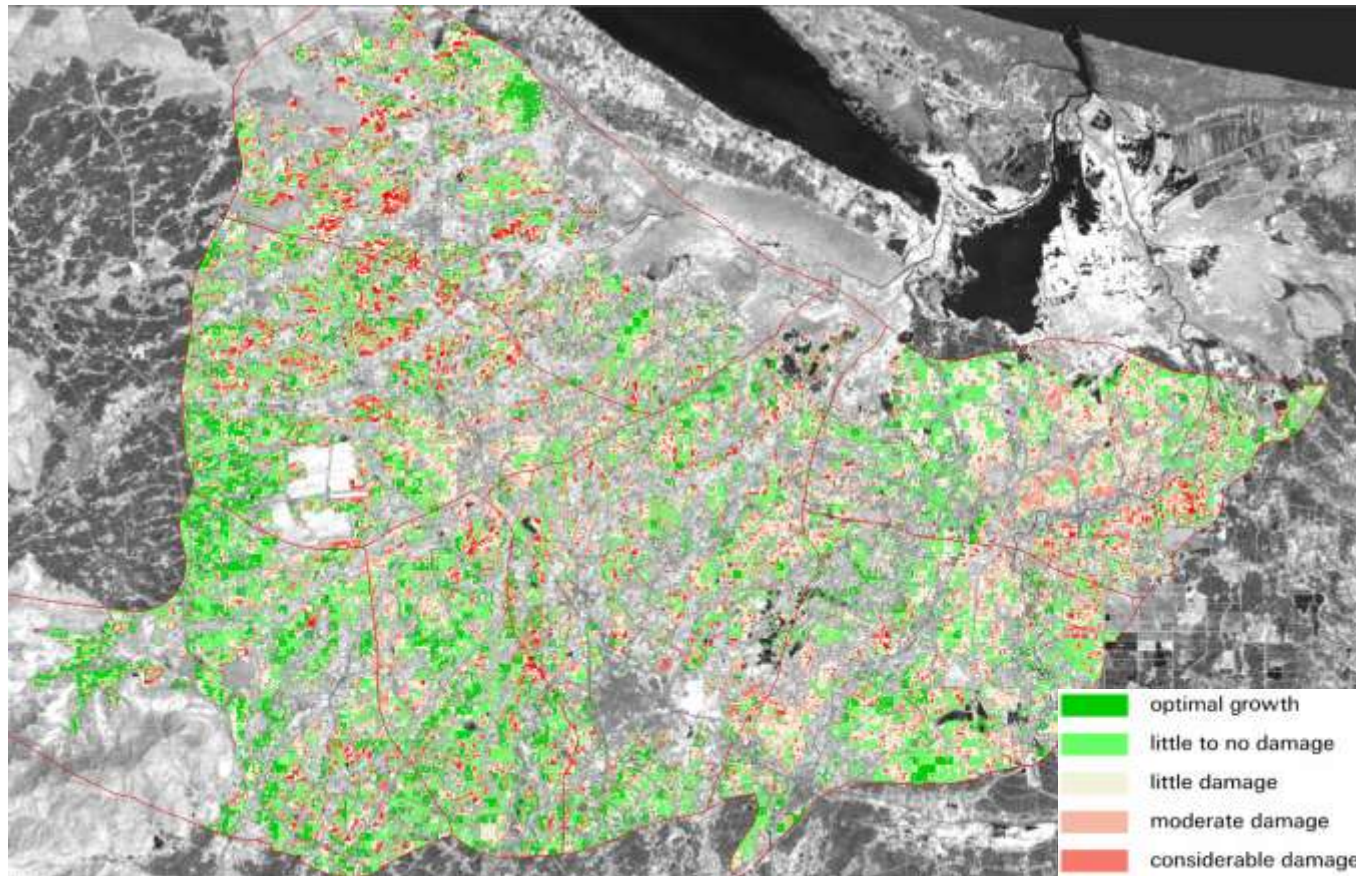
Enabling poor rural people to overcome poverty

http://www.ifad.org/ruralfinance/pub/WII_tech_guide.pdf



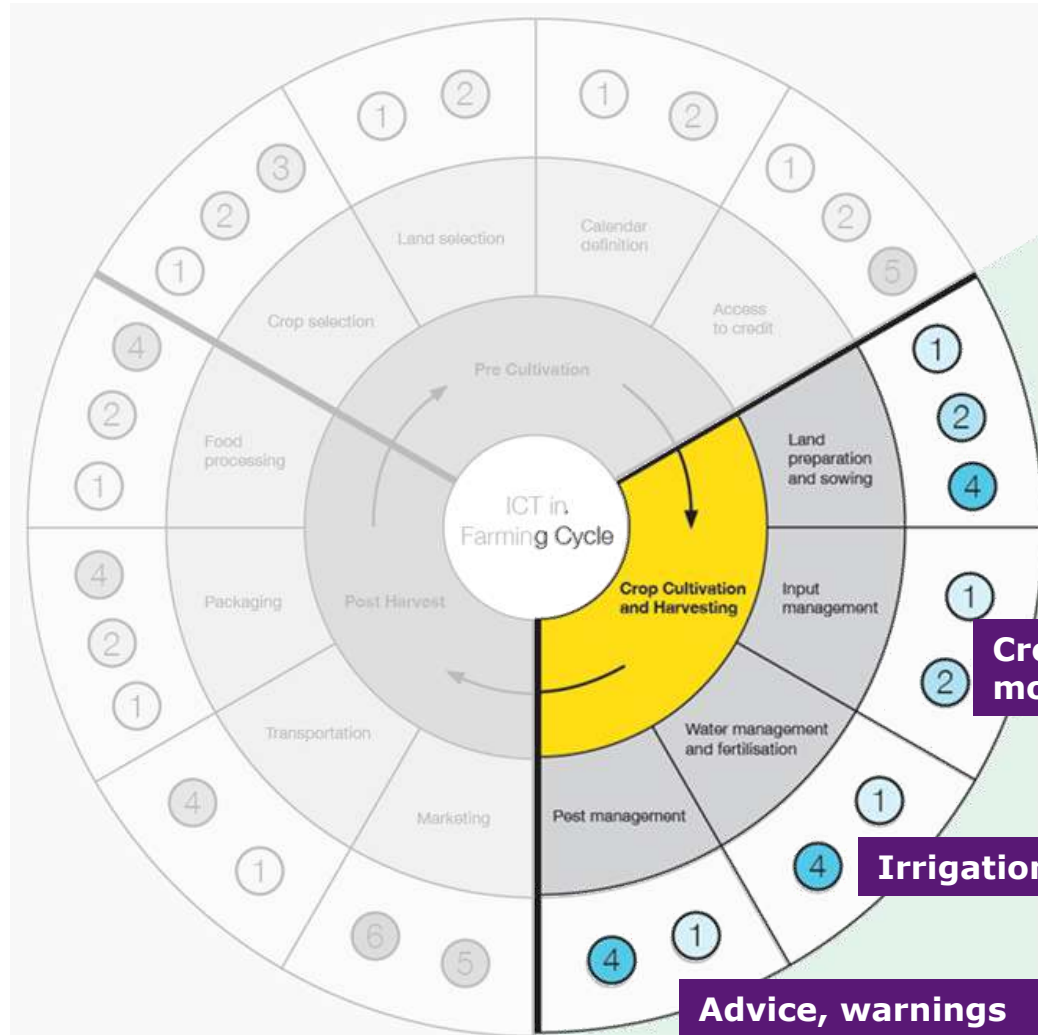
Micro insurance

Weather insurance in rice crops





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Crop growth monitoring



Cloud
free
radar
image



Crop growth monitoring

Sugar beet at 25m resolution every
24 days

22/04/2012



Radar analysis

Bare soil



Crop growth monitoring

Sugar beet at 25m resolution every
24 days

07/10/2012



Radar analysis

Bare soil
Emergence
Increment
Closure
Harvest



Crop growth monitoring

Rice at 5m resolution every 5-11 days

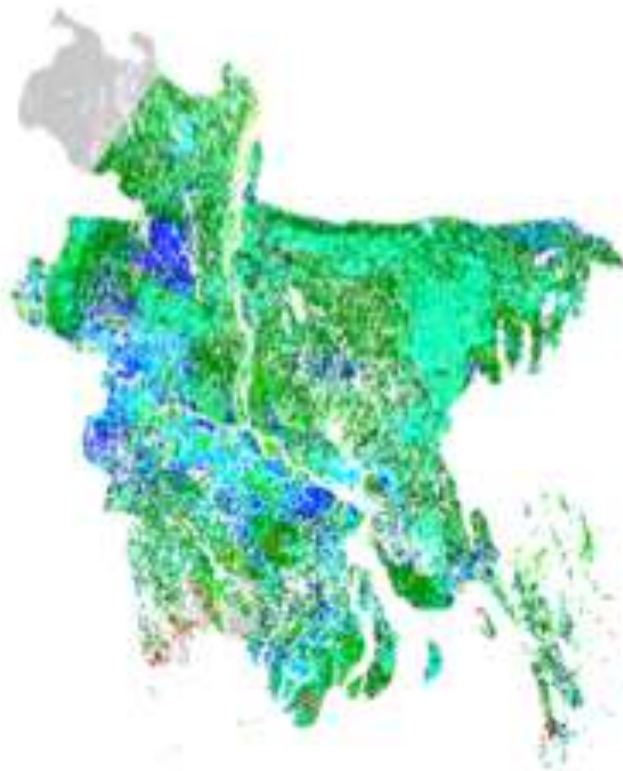


Sharp results: Multi-temporal filtering

5m detail suitable for monitoring of small farms



Crop growth monitoring



Mask	
No data	
Oct	
Nov	
Dec	
Jan	
Feb	
Mar	
Apr	
May	
Jun	
Jul	
Aug	
Sept	
Oct	
Nov	
Dec	

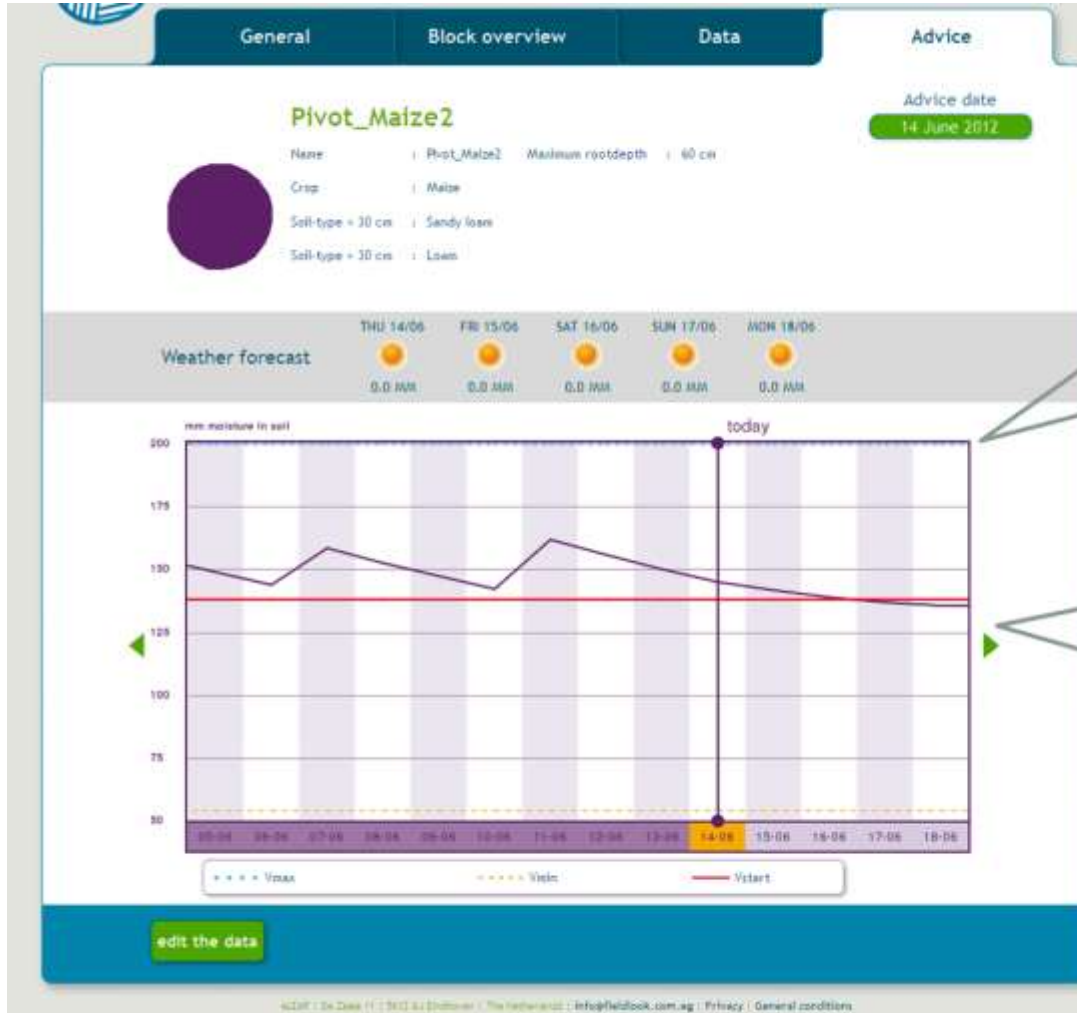


First season, peak of season

Second season, peak of season



Irrigation advice



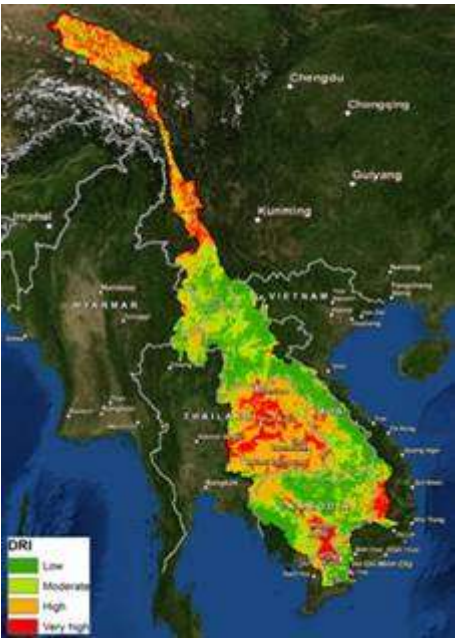
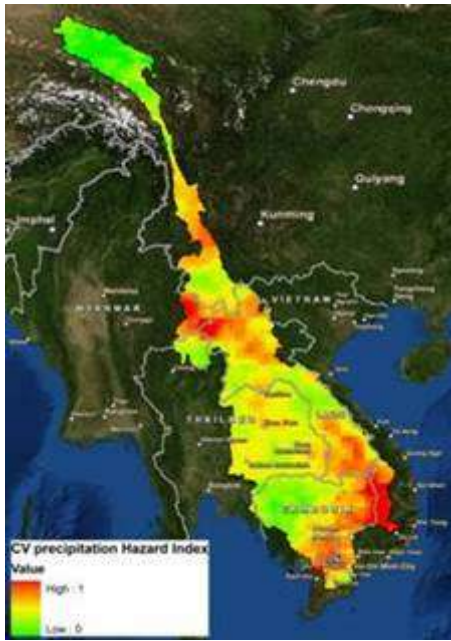
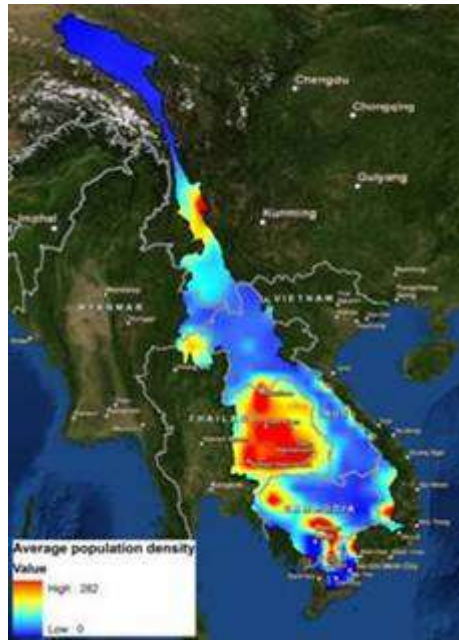
The crop has no water stress when the soil moisture is above the critical level and below the field capacity

When the soil moisture drops below the critical line, irrigation is advised



Advice and warning

Hazard & Risk Analysis



Vulnerability Index
Distance
to river

Vulnerability Index
Population density

Vulnerability Index
Precipitation

Drought
Risk Map



Advice and warning

Early warning

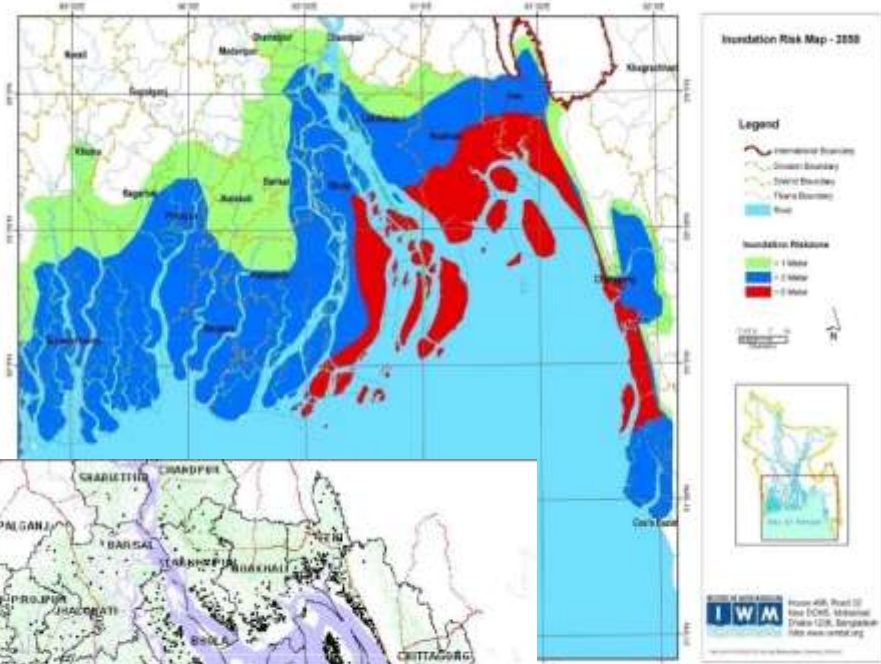
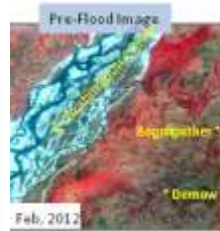
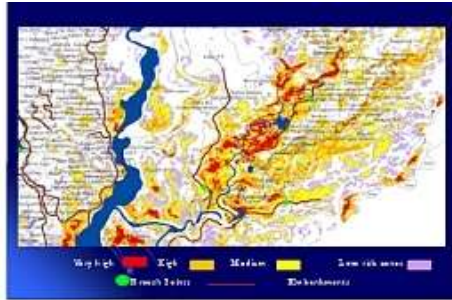
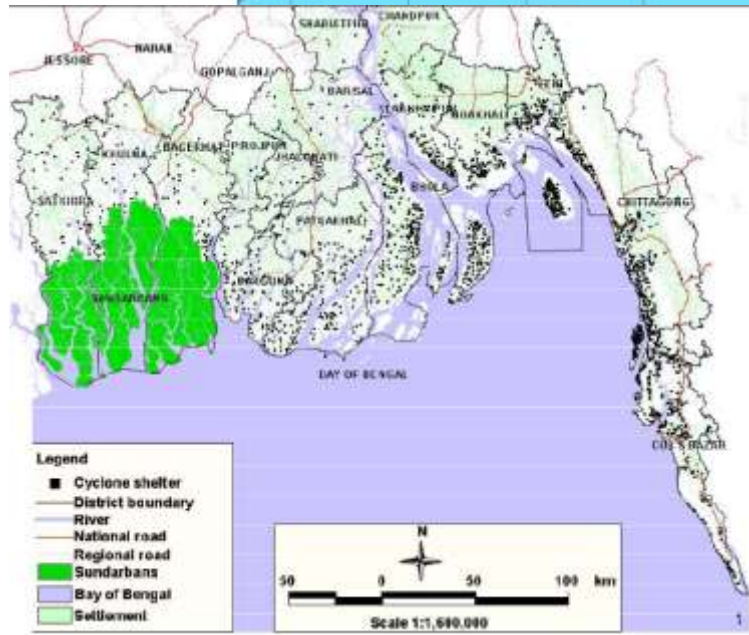
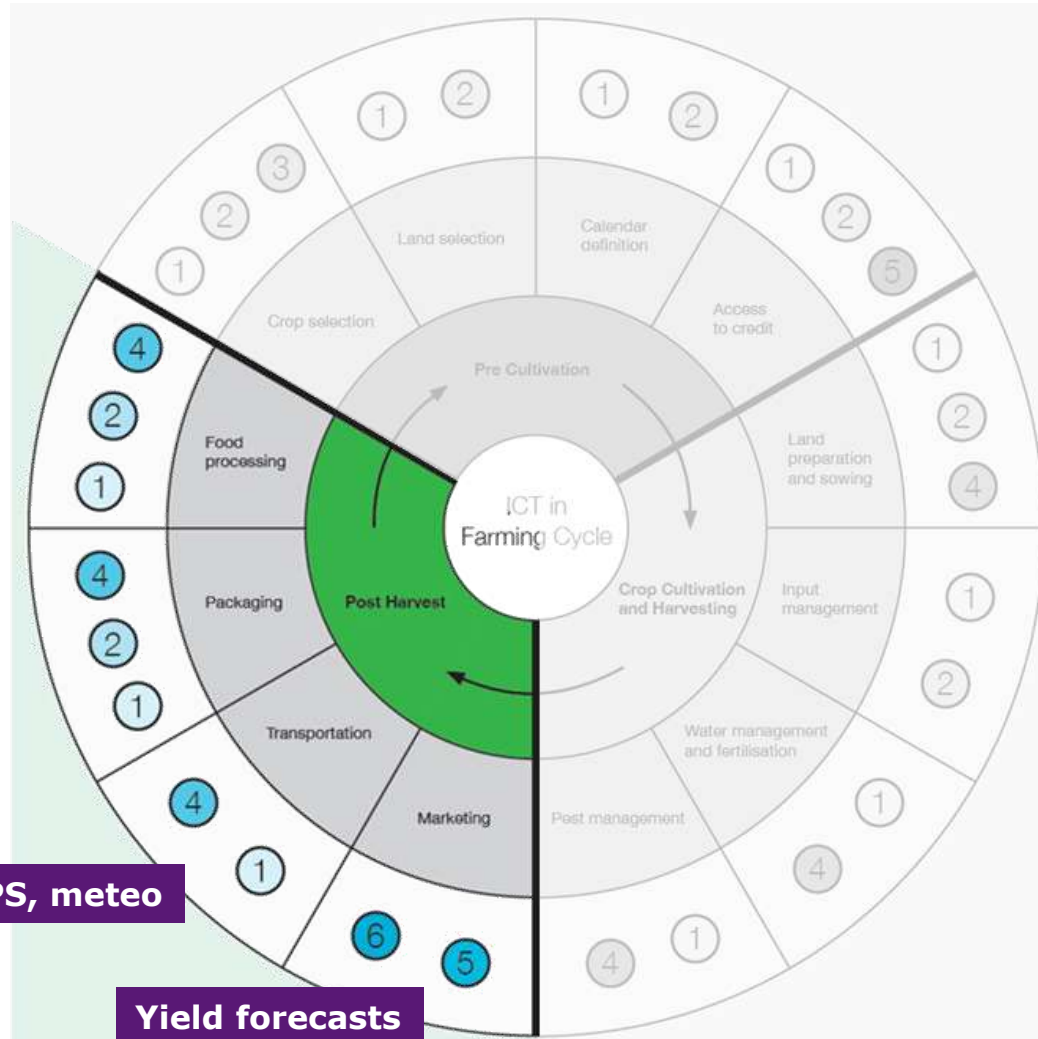


Fig: Flood hazard maps corresponding to various flood discharge and levels



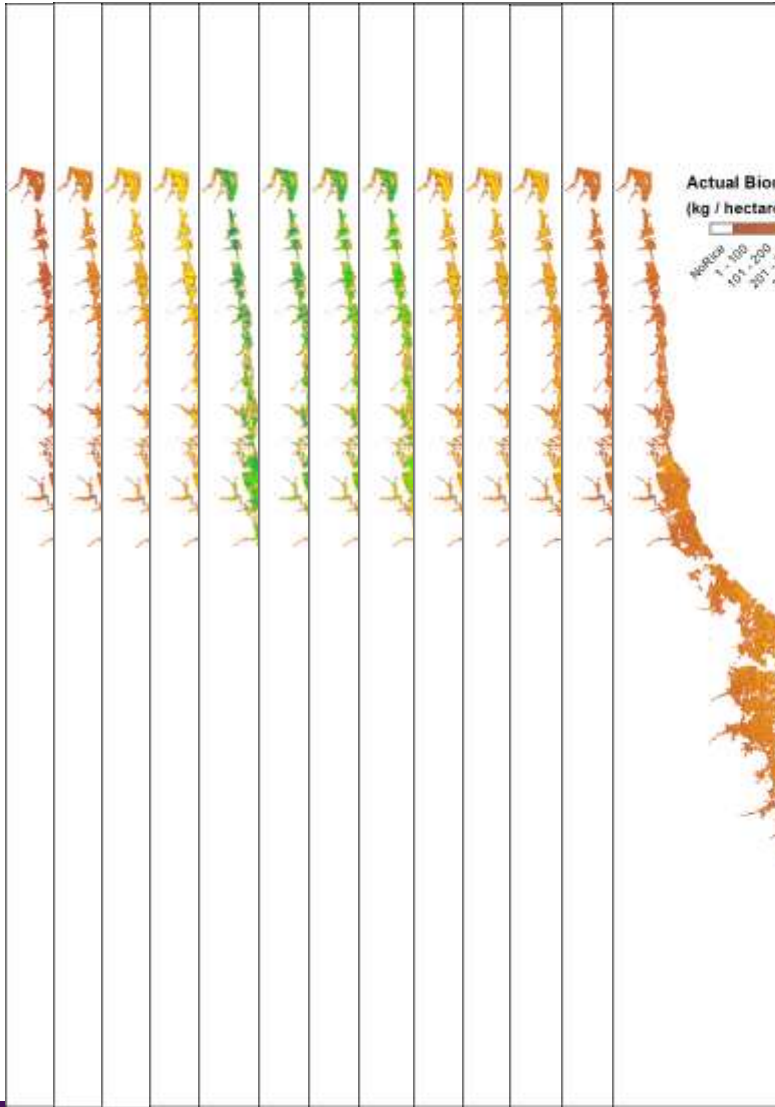


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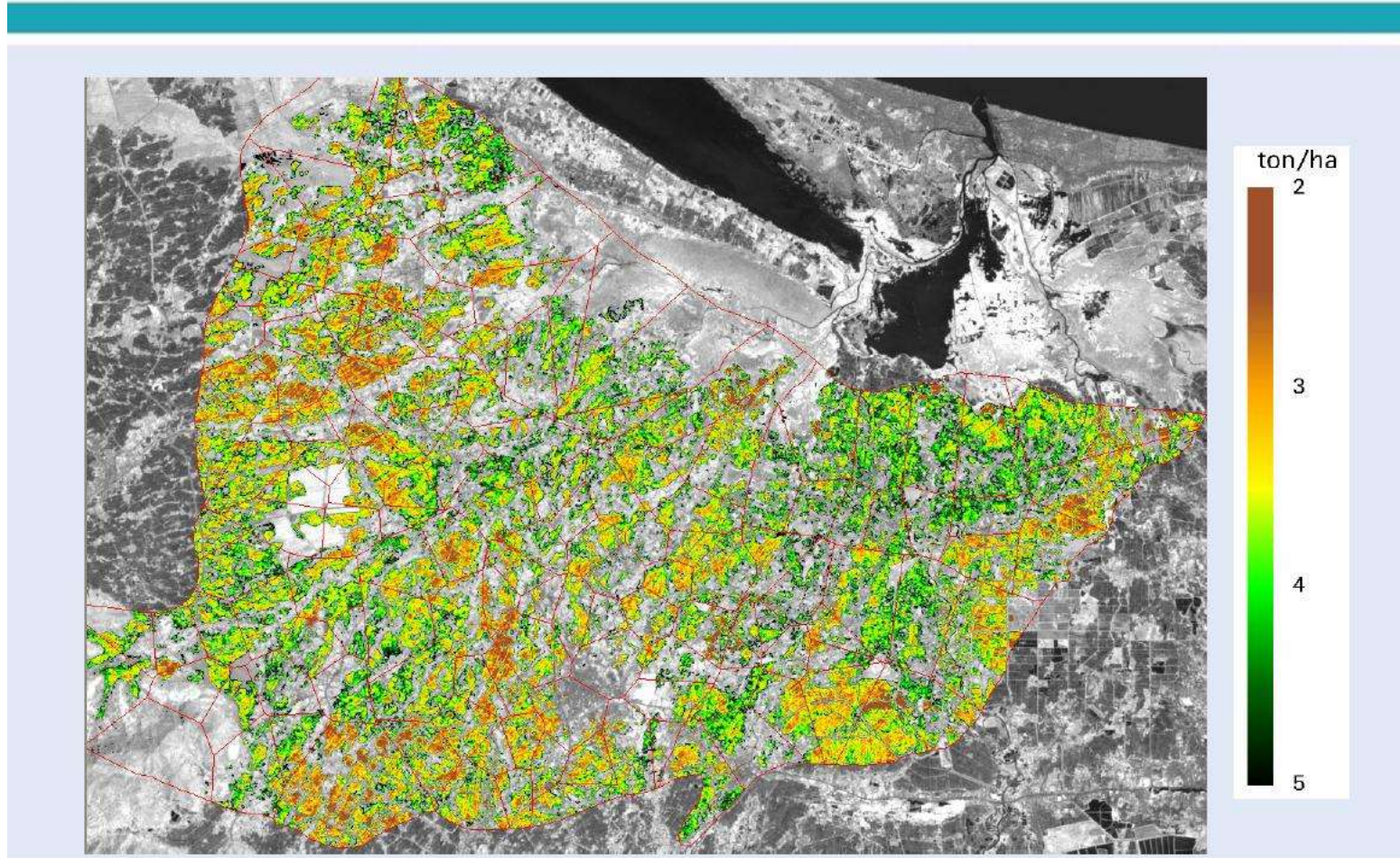
Yield forecast



GSM: Actual Biomass Production



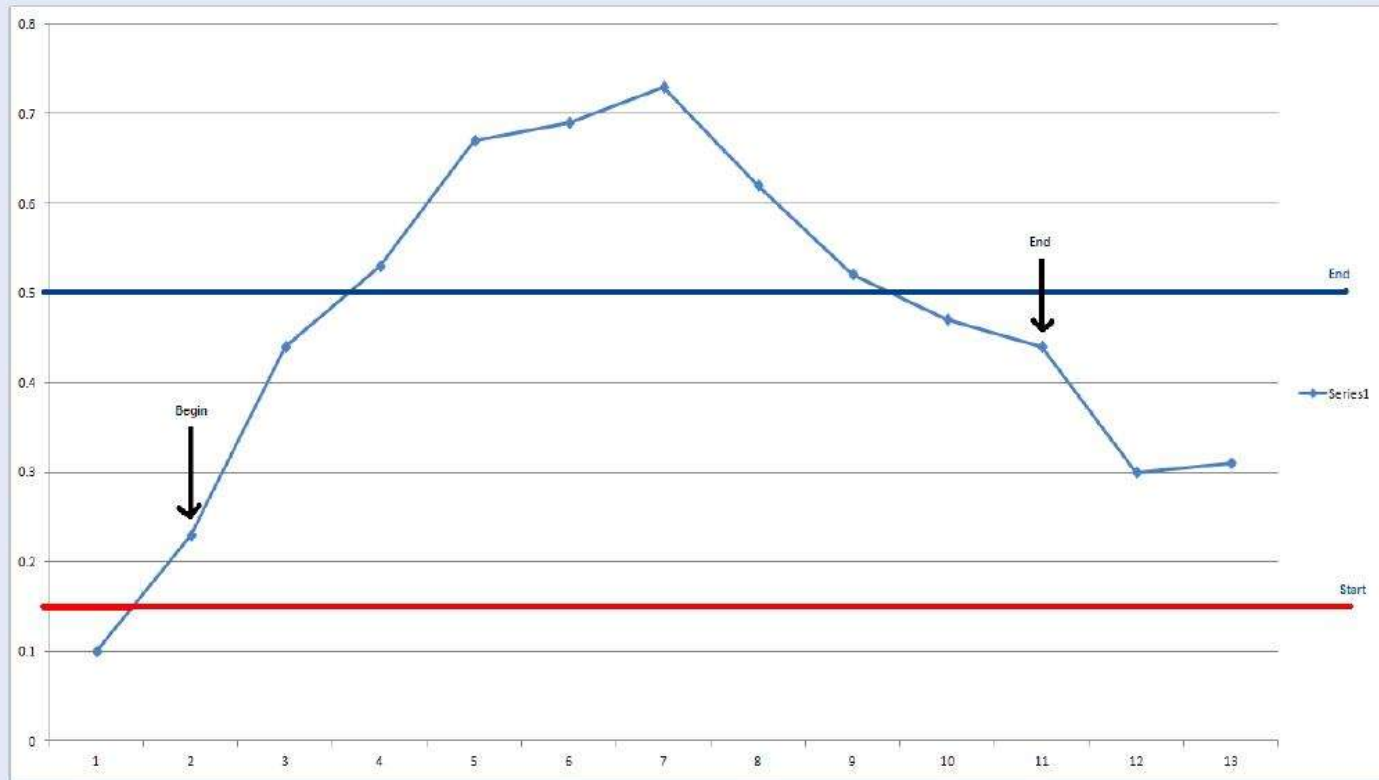
Rice Yield maps





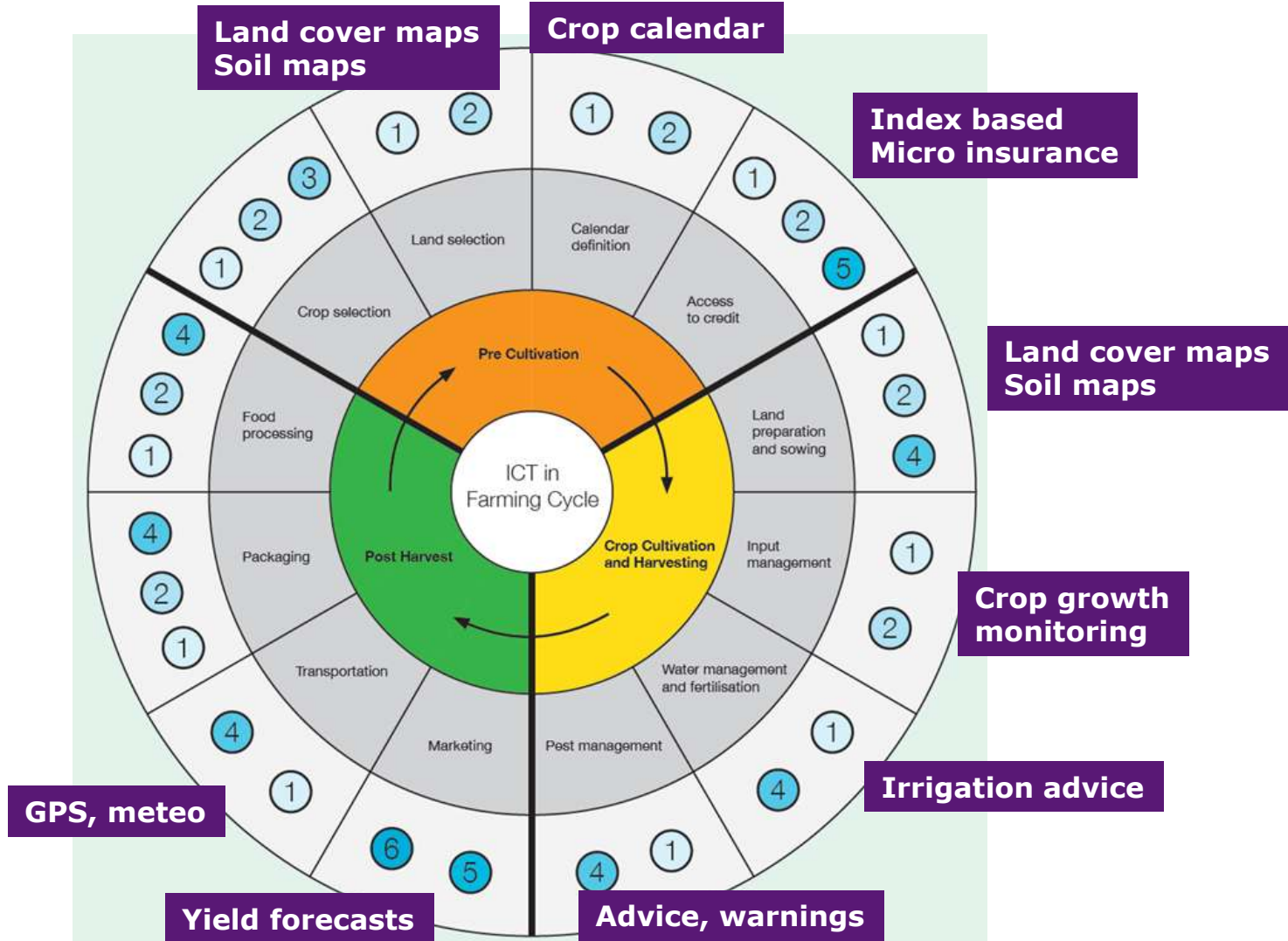
Yield forecast

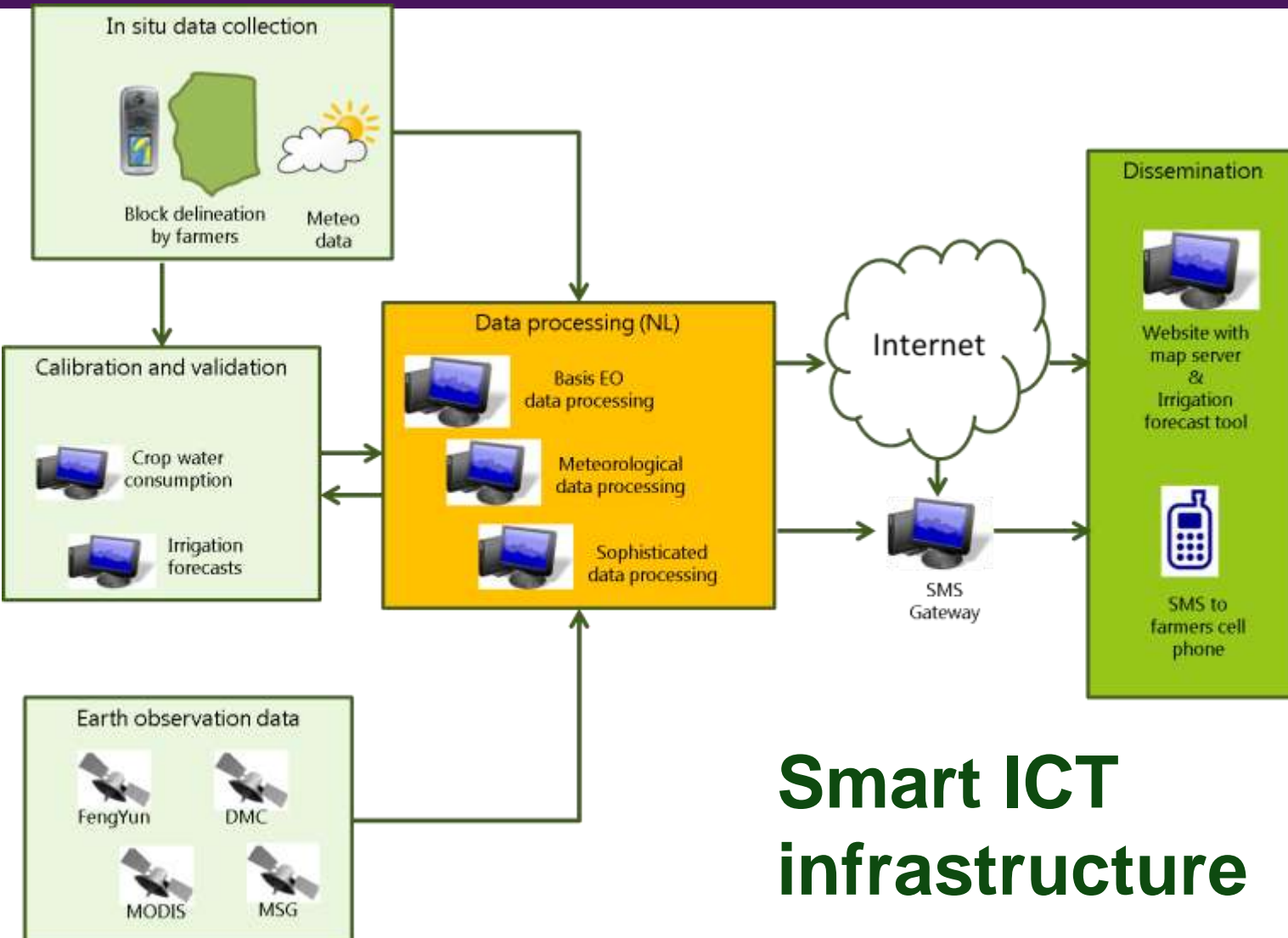
Rice yield monitoring example using remote sensing





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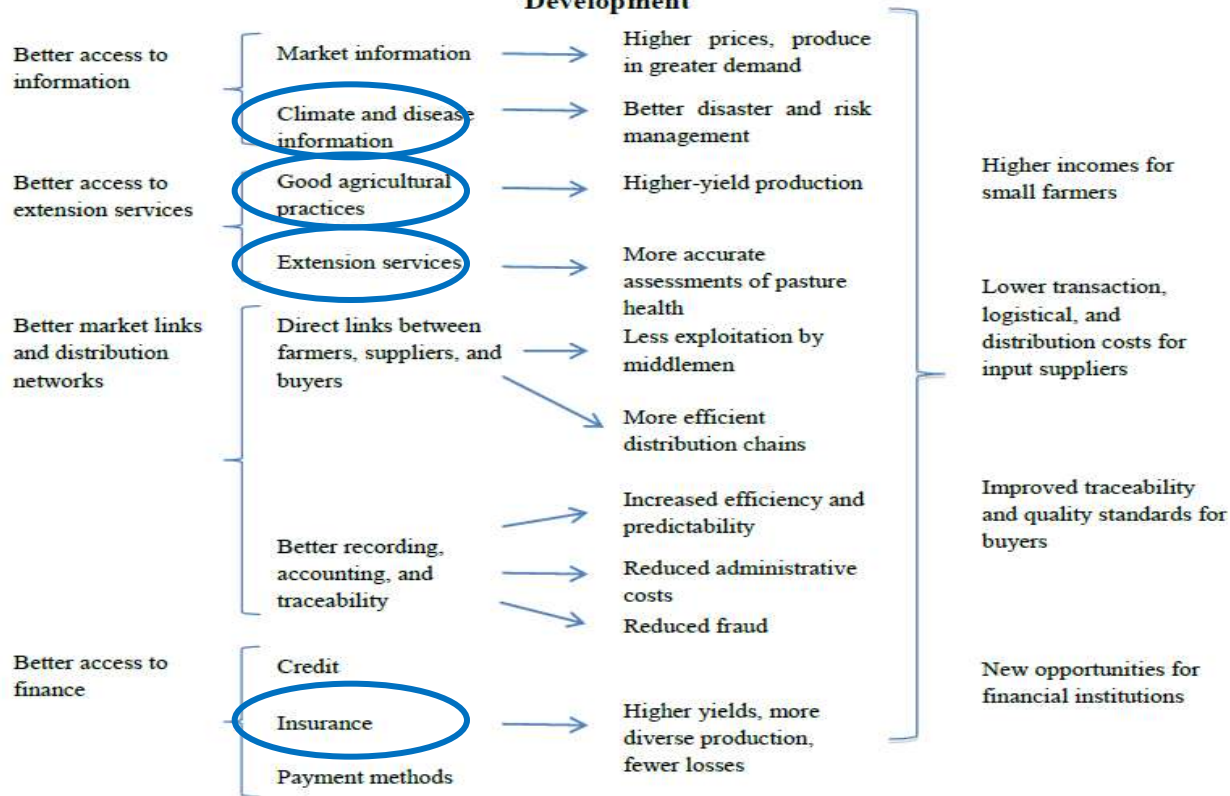


Smart ICT infrastructure



Mobile/ICT applications

Figure 1. Results Generated by Mobile Applications for Agricultural and Rural Development



Mobile Applications for Agriculture and Rural Development

Christine Zhenwei Qiang, Siou Chew Kuek*, Andrew Dymond and Steve Esselaar

ICT Sector Unit
World Bank

December 2011



Advisory

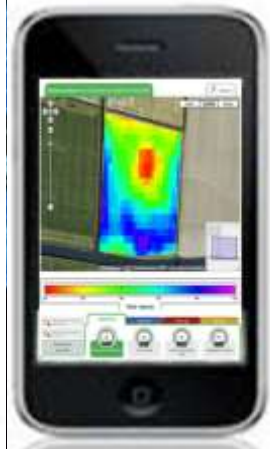
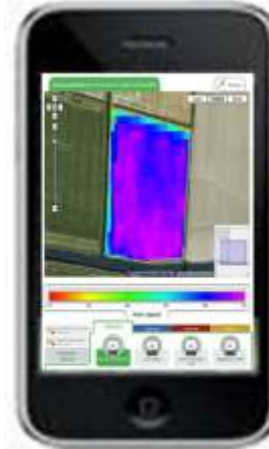


Insurance/finance



Possible service provision

- Crop calendars
 - Weather information
 - Mapping
 - Monitoring (e.g. vegetation growth)
 - Irrigation / nutrient supply advices
-
- Stand alone
 - Integrated in value chain services
 - Complementary to micro-insurance

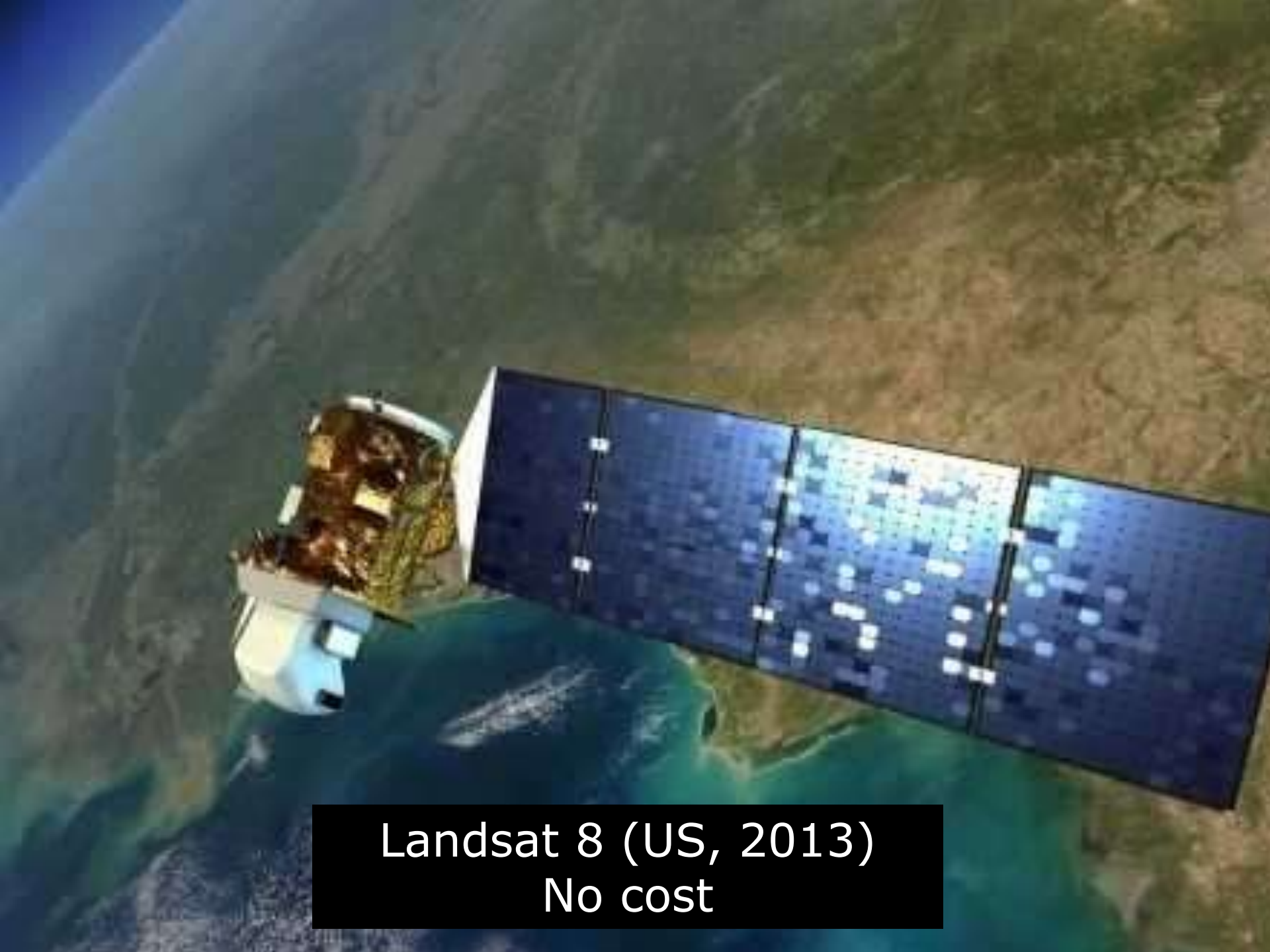




Why based on satellite data?

- Objective, consistent, cross border
- No or few (local) monitoring infrastructure
- 25+ years time series (geostationary satellite, Landsat)
- Many new satellites (to be) launched, no or low cost

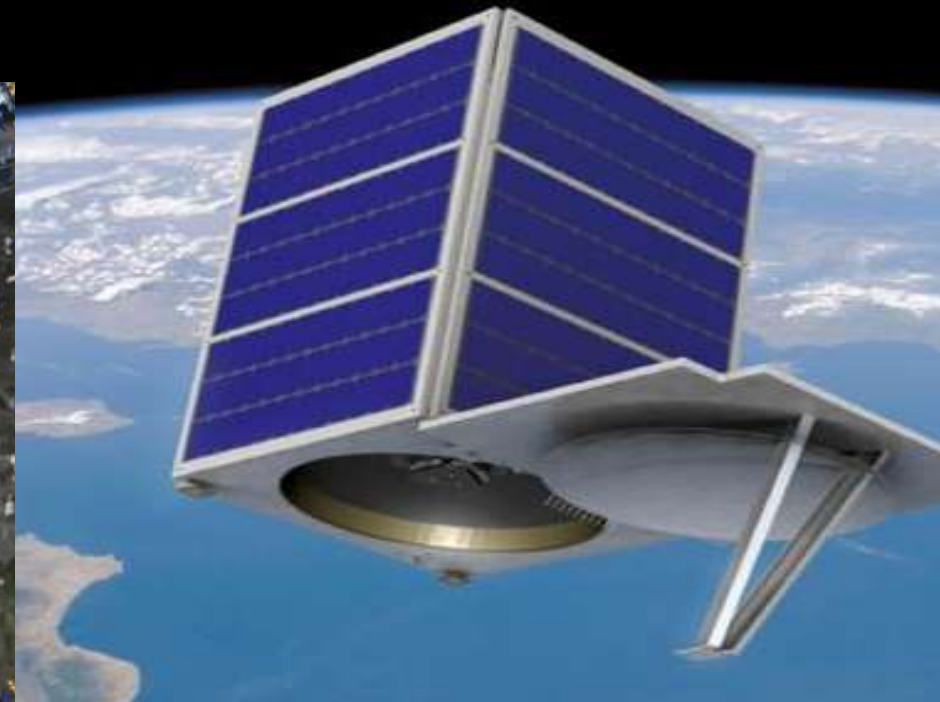




Landsat 8 (US, 2013)
No cost

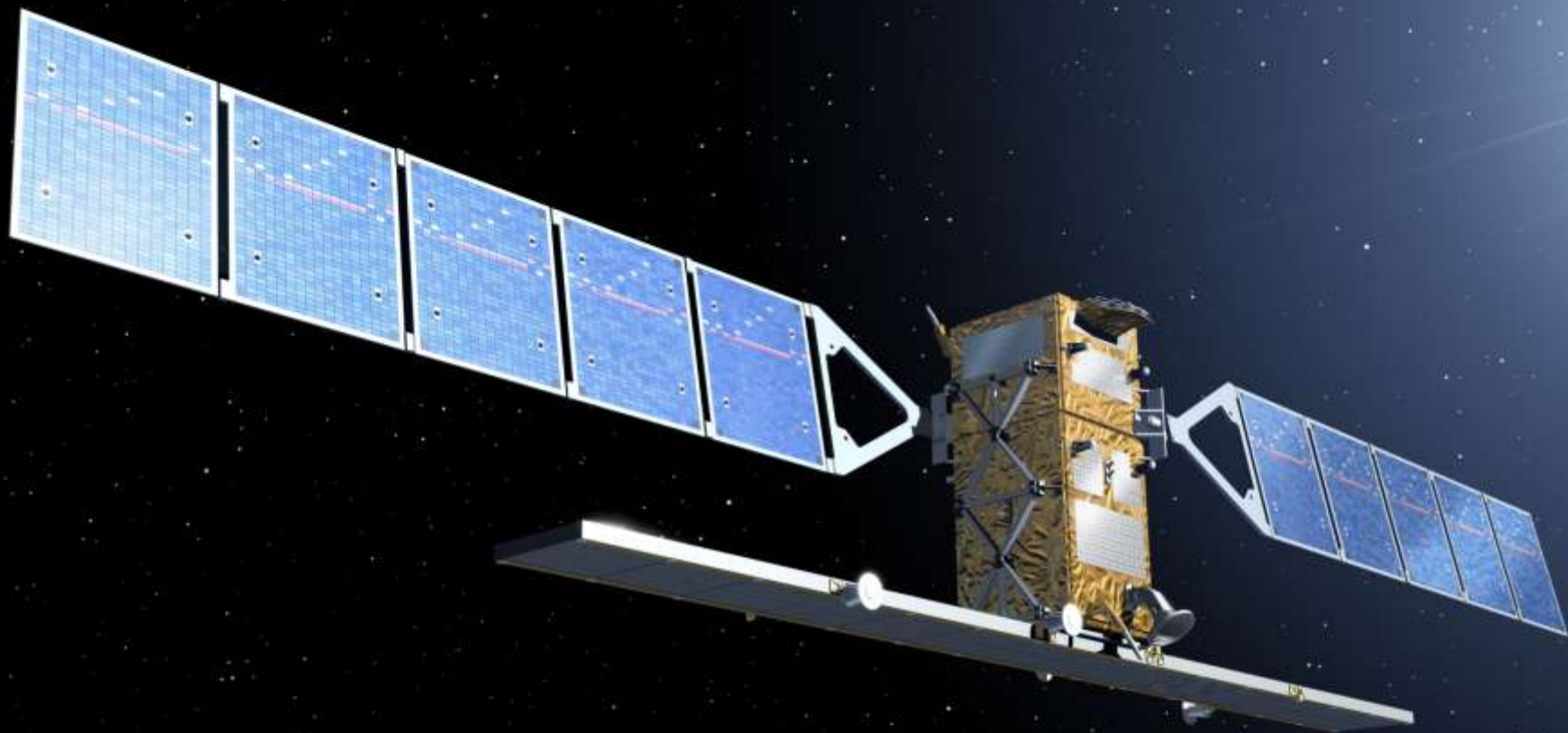


Planet Labs (2014)

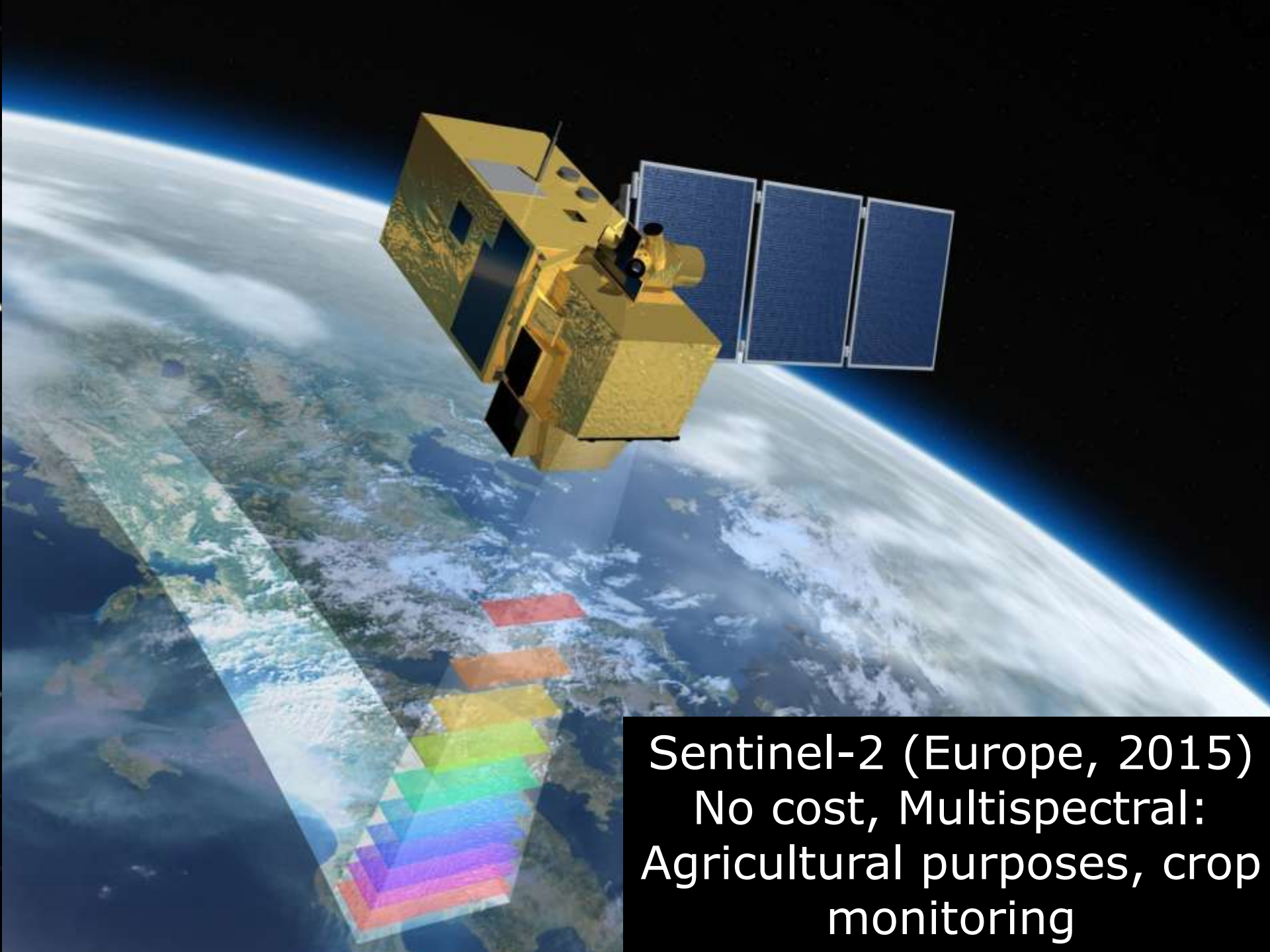


Skybox (2014)

Constellation
High revisit time
Commercial
Low cost



Sentinel-1 (Europe, 2014)
No cost
Looking through clouds, day & night



Sentinel-2 (Europe, 2015)
No cost, Multispectral:
Agricultural purposes, crop
monitoring

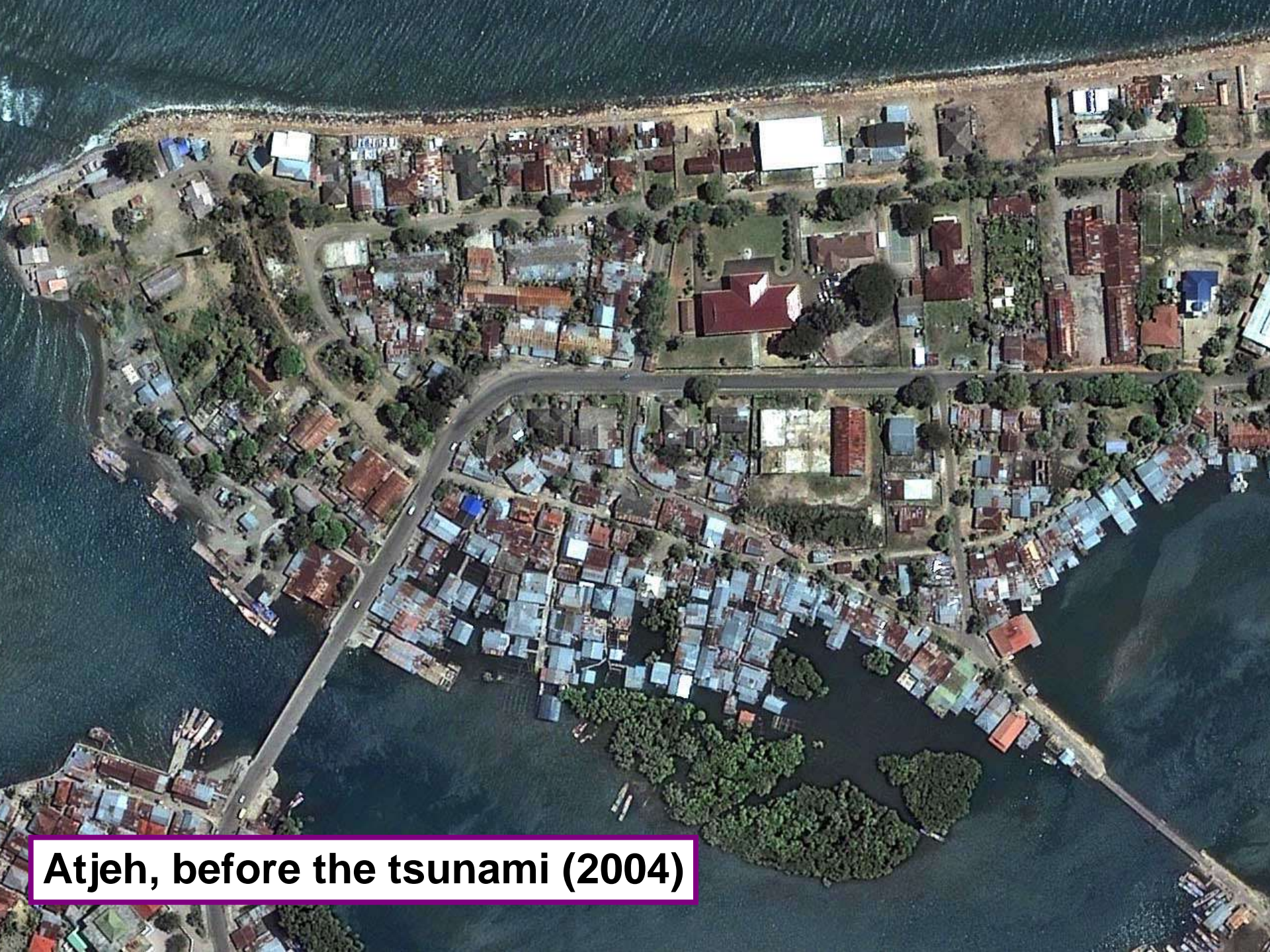
High resolution
VNIR satellites

Worldview-2

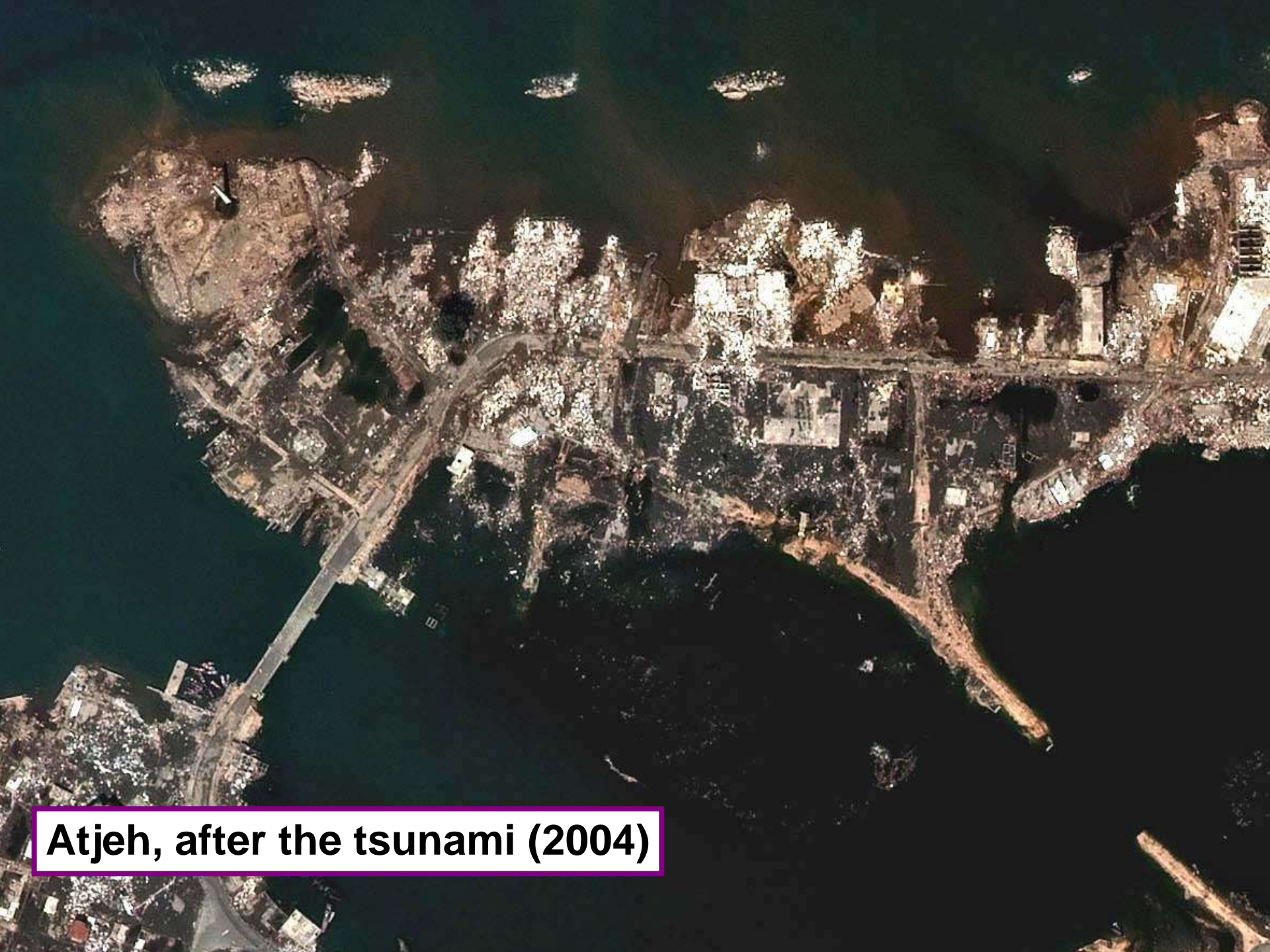




Optical images : 50 cm resolution



Atjeh, before the tsunami (2004)



Atjeh, after the tsunami (2004)



**Thank you for your
attention**



Required for a G4AW application

- User demand / information needs
- Possible service provision
- Partnership
- Business model
- Cooperation Agreement





Reaching small holders

- Small holders represented through intermediate, e.g.:
 - Ministry of Agriculture (extension officers)
 - Industry (brewery, nutrient supplier, etc)
 - local NGO
 - farmer cooperation
 - other





Possible service provision – insurance (2)

Partnership might include e.g.:

- Intermediate(s) (MinAg, NGO, value chain organization, other)
- (Spatial) information service provider(s)
- Local insurance companies
- Re-insurance company
- Others, e.g. mobile telecom provider, bank



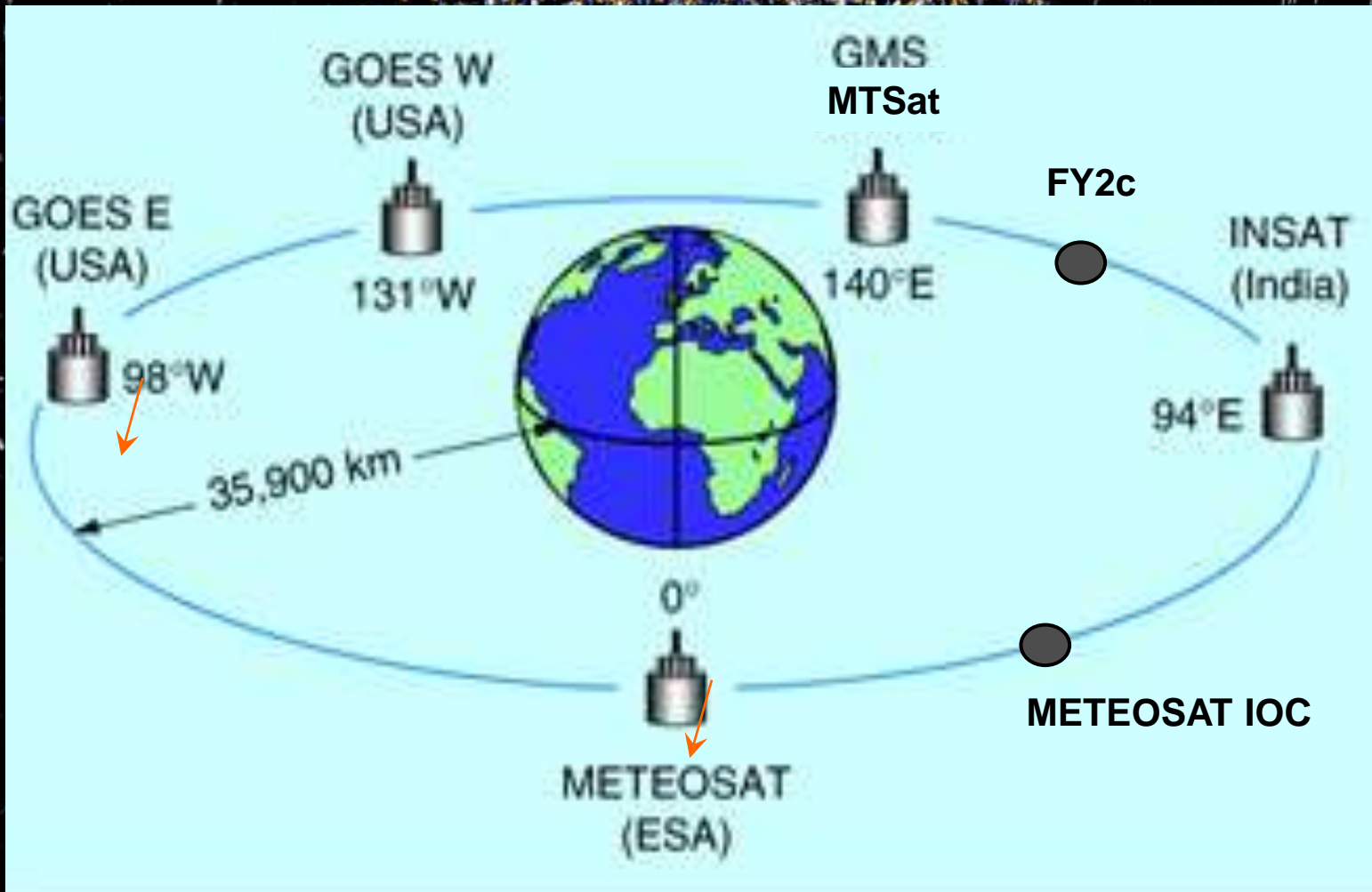


Possible service provision – advice (2)

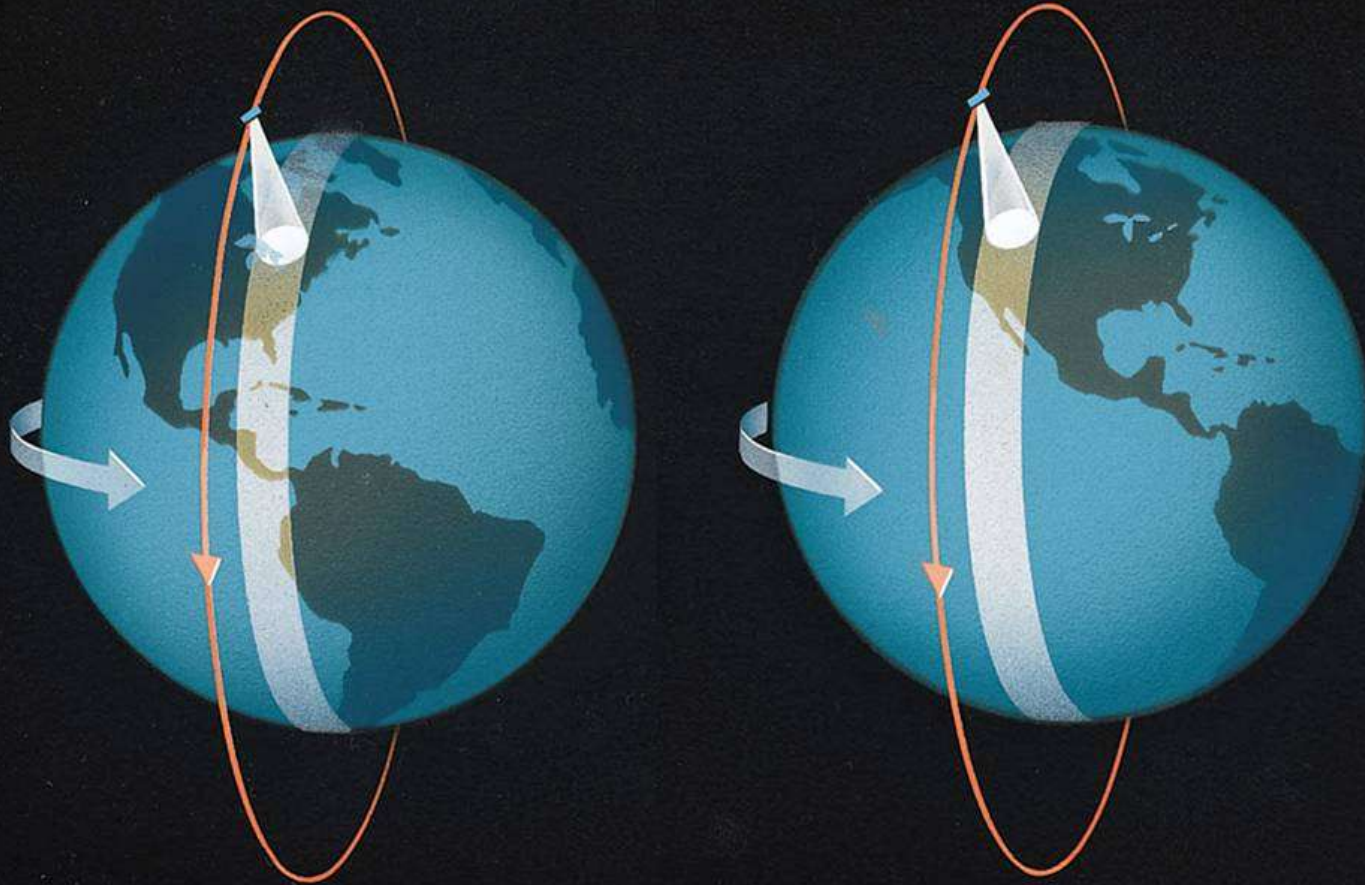
Partnership may include, e.g.:

- Intermediate(s) (MinAg, NGO, value chain organization, other)
- (Spatial) information service provider(s)
- Knowledge institutes
- Meteorological Offices
- Others, e.g. mobile telecom provider, bank



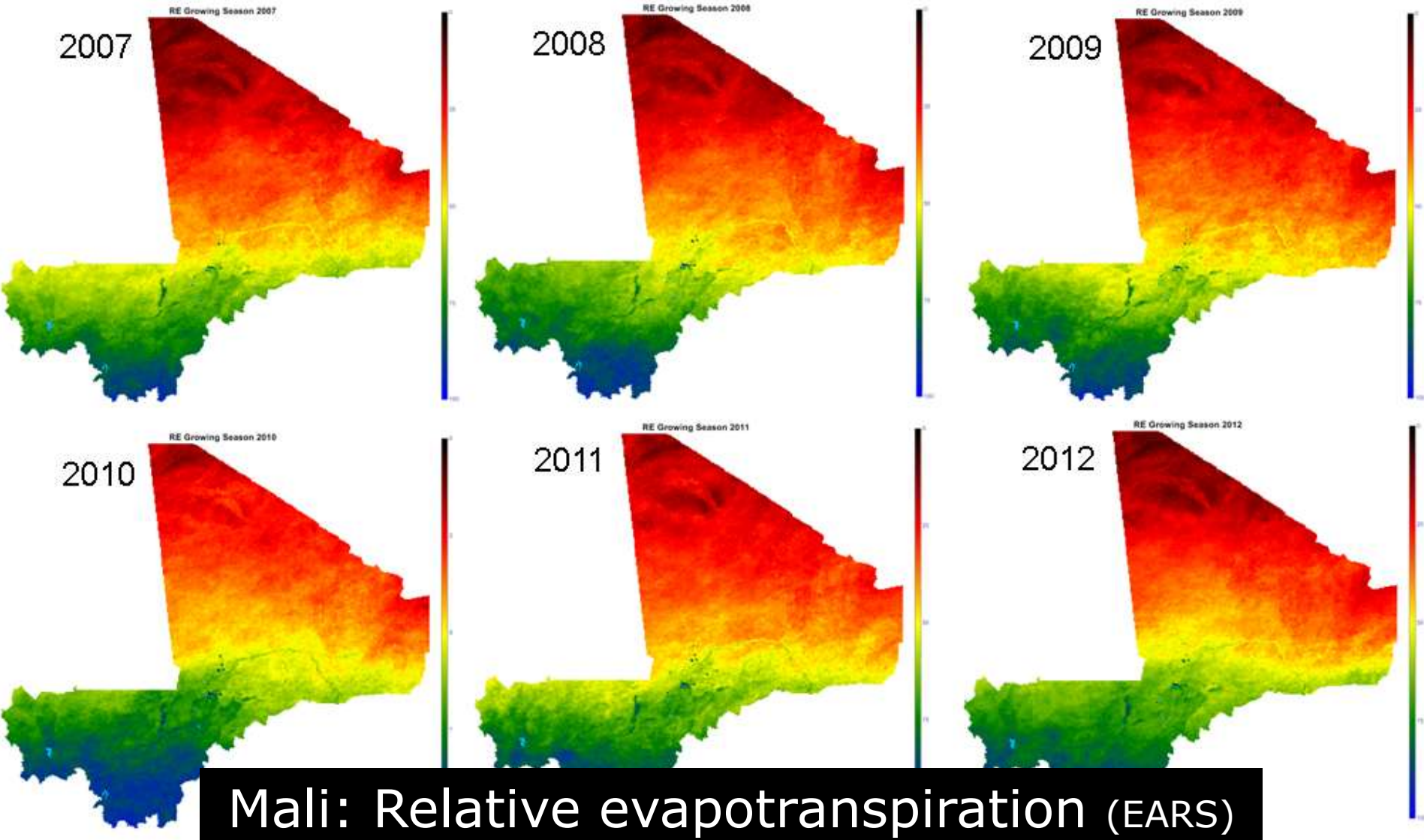


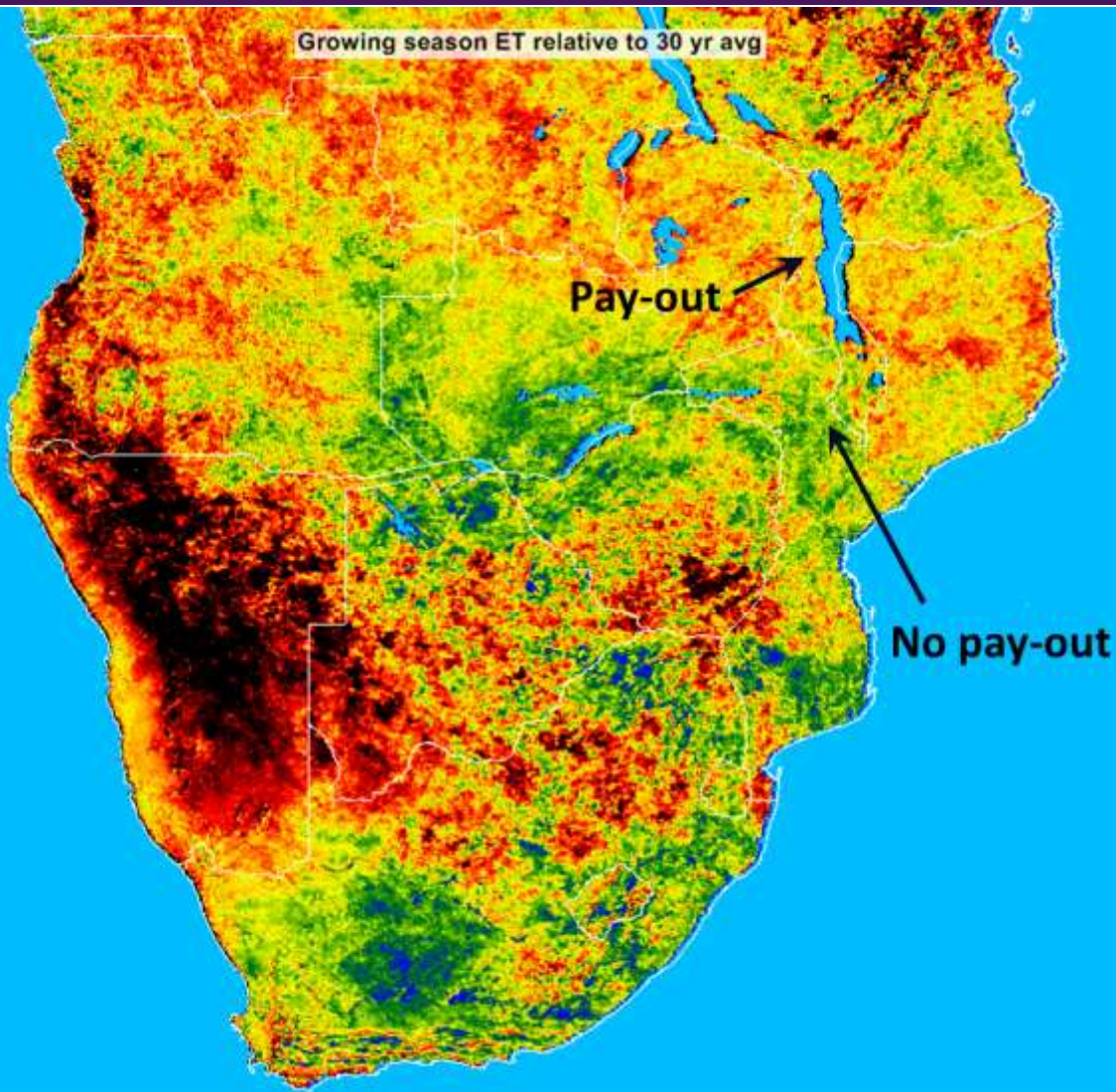
Geostationary satellites
(upto every 15min, 3x3 km)



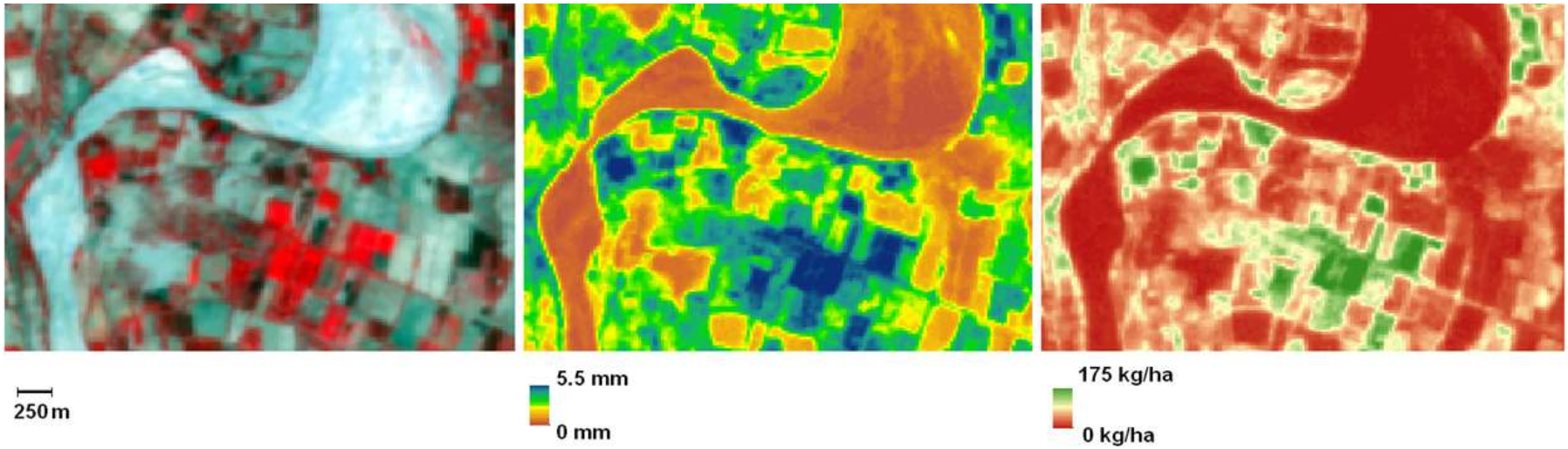
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Polar orbiting satellites
(cycle ~ 90 min, revisit few to ~ 30 days)





Malawi:
Maize index
insurance
(EARS)

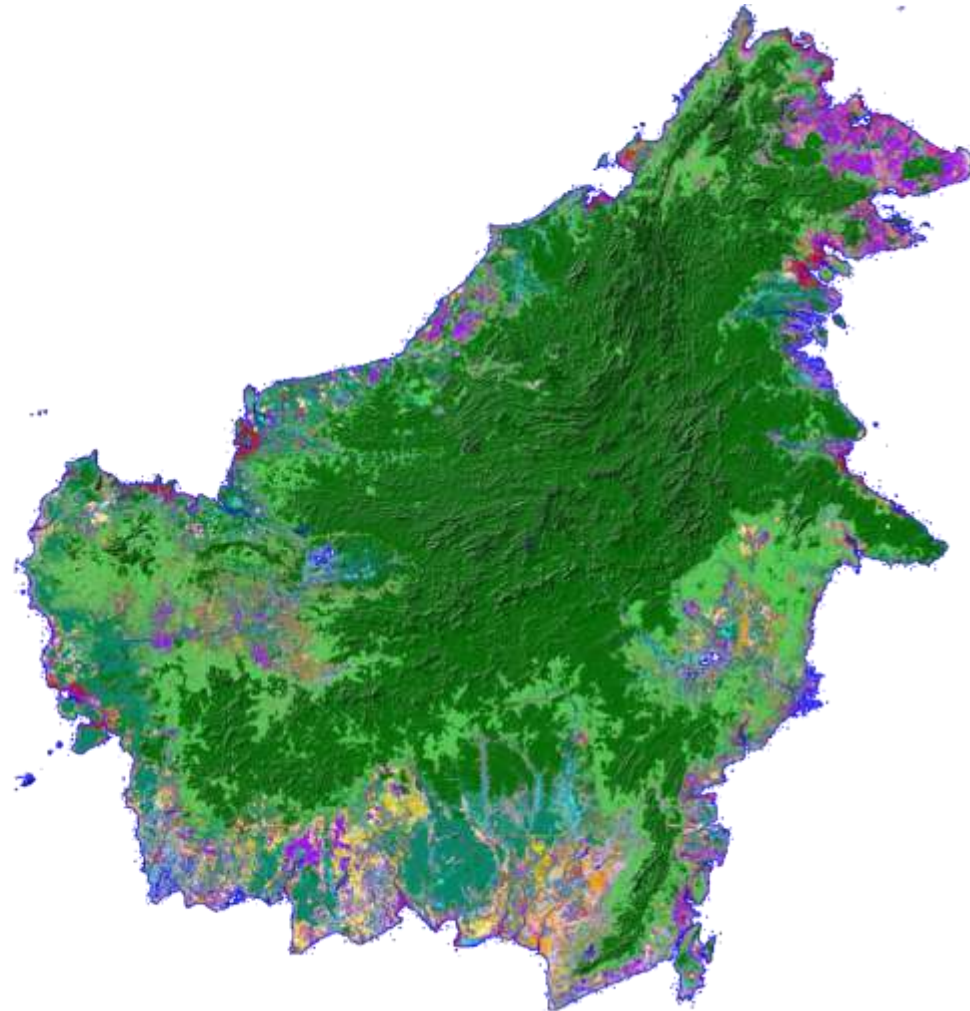


Example: Raw satellite data (L), derived daily evapotranspiration (M) and biomass production (R).

Gash: Example (eLeaf)



Kalimantan Land cover map (radar) (SarVision)





Thank you for your attention



More info: www.spaceoffice.nl/g4aw



Reach: Breadth vs Depth (by source of initiative)

