UNIVERSITY OF TWENTE.

G4AW project 'GIACIS'

Geodata for Innovative Agricultural Credit Insurance Schemes













Kees de Bie (Sept'14; NSO)

FACULTY OF GEO-INFORMATION SCIENCE AND EARTH OBSERVATION

The Public-Private Partnership proposition

- Offers a geodata-driven risk-mitigation (insurance) product
- Targets smallholder farmers in Ethiopia (80% < 0.5ha)
- Aims to boost purchase of agricultural inputs

The 3 year target

Households reached: 7.2m Adopting households: 1.6m

Indirect beneficiaries: 7.0m

Expected Impact

Increase in yields: 25% Increase in income: 15%

- Protects farmers against shocks caused by weather related perils
- Uses branchless banking technology
- Makes the insured credit package (bundled) locally available
- Is aligned to the rural finance strategy (RFS) program, managed by ATA
- Is a systematic synergetic approach:
 - provides financial inclusion
 - promotes agricultural investment
 - brokers sustainable production methods
 - provides risk transfer tools

RFS program: Credit Scheme

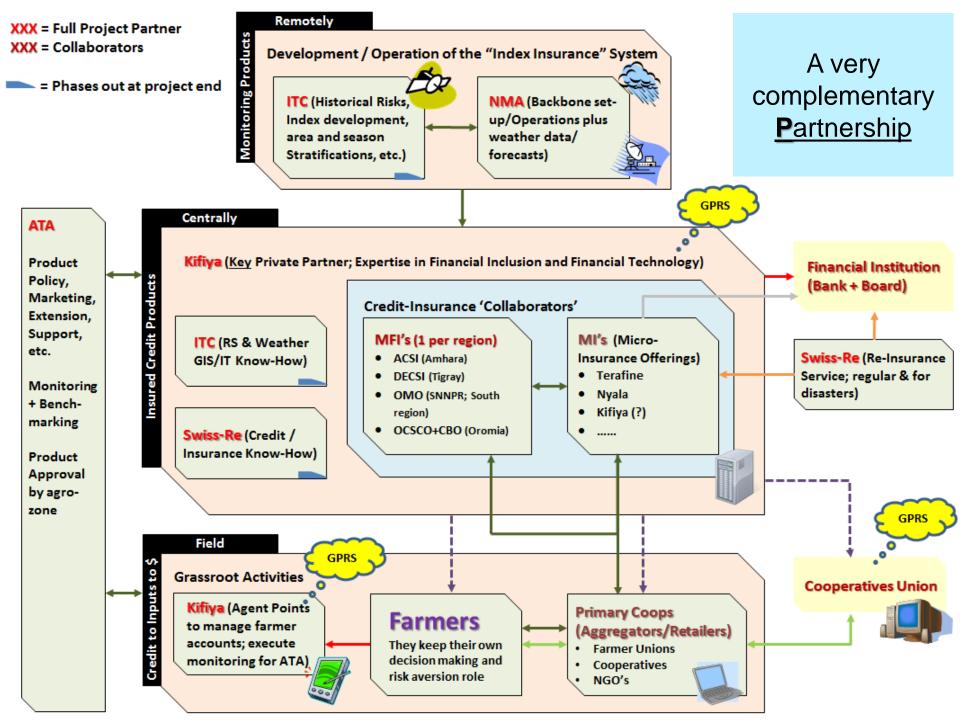
State bank guaranteed capital: 400m \$
Must be managed as 'revolving fund'
Farmers must remain able to pay-back

Business Deal Farmers

Farmers can statistically expect each 10-years indemnity payments that equal paid insurance premiums Monetary: Value-Cost ratios are high

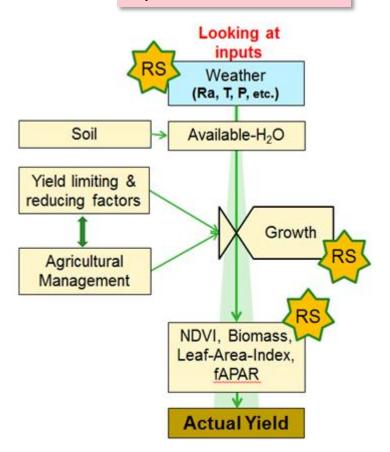
Business Deal Kifiya

Charges very small transaction costs, that, multiplied by no.of annual transactions, pays for costs and creates profit expectations



Proposed Index

Key Index: NDVI Optional: NDWI, NDDI



Insured is credit taken

(NOT yields!!), based on

condition of the growing

season

Will be crop a-specific



Technology facts





Branchless Banking

Presence of agents on markets twice weekly

